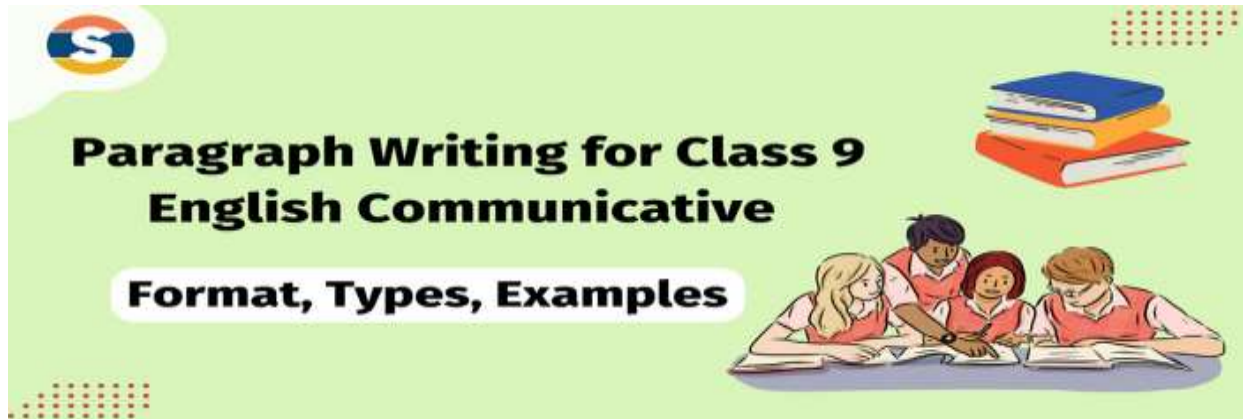




INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

CLASS: IX	TOPIC: 'PARAGRAPH WRITING WORKSHEET- 2025-26:	SUBJECT: ENGLISH
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What is Paragraph Writing?

A paragraph is a unit of writing in a larger body of work. A paragraph expresses a particular topic or theme.

Writing a paragraph on any subject involves more than just expressing your opinions; it also involves organising your thoughts so that readers can easily follow along. In English paragraph writing, it is essential to focus on the writing style, i.e., the flow and connection between the sentences.

Format of Paragraph Writing

Paragraph Writing has a certain structure that aids in delivering a message that is concise and well-organized. The three main components of paragraph are-

1. Title /Topic sentence- This establishes the tone and introduces the paragraph's primary theme. It needs to be succinct, engrossing, and pertinent to the main idea
2. Supporting facts- Supporting details paint a picture in the reader's mind, which offer a fuller explanation by employing sensory details, figurative language, and vivid imagery.
3. Conclusion- The last line summarises the essential ideas and leaves the reader with a lasting impression.

Try to adhere to the word limit i.e. 150 words.

Tips for writing a good paragraph

To write an effective descriptive paragraph, Class 9 students should follow these guidelines:

- Beginning with the topic stated, the paragraph should go sequentially and logically to the conclusion. Towards the end of your writing, summarize your opinion about the topic.
- Every sentence in a paragraph must be directly related to the main theme of the paragraph, which must be one topic or concept per paragraph.
- There should be a logical progression of ideas or a development of the topic. It is necessary to recount events in the order in which they occurred.
- In order to avoid monotony, the paragraph should not always be of the same sentence construction.
- Revise and edit the paragraph for clarity, coherence, and grammatical correctness.
- Avoid spelling mistakes, grammatical errors, exceeding the word limit. This can prevent mark deduction.

Types of Paragraph Writing

It is essential to know the types of paragraph writing before you write about any given topic. Therefore, check the below information to understand the various types of paragraph writing. Majorly, there are four types of paragraph writing, i.e., narrative, descriptive, expository, and persuasive. Let us see a brief explanation of what each type means-

Descriptive: This kind of writing basically describes the topic and appeals to the five senses.

Narrative: These kinds of writing are basically a narration of a story or a situation that includes a sequence.

Expository: These kinds of writing are a definition of something. These paragraphs require a lot of research.

Persuasive: These kinds of writing aim to make the audience admit a writer's point of view. These are mostly used by the teachers to provide a strong argument.

Example questions Of Paragraph Writing Class 9

To better understand how to write paragraphs, let's study a few examples:

Example 1:

Air Pollution

Air pollution is the act of mixing pollutants into air which is not ideal because it decreases the quality of life of human-beings and affects the overall planet's habitat. Air pollution occurs when dangerous particles, gases, and chemicals are released into the air. The pollutants of air can be found in vehicle exhausts, fumes from factories and power plants, and construction sites.

Respiratory problems, skin diseases, irritation of the eyes are some of the major health issues caused by air pollution. To combat this, many governments have created and enforced policies to reduce air pollution, such as shutting down coal power plants or requiring car owners to switch

over to electric cars. Air purifiers are being installed at points of high vehicular movement. Rain seeding is another step to clean up the air. We should also plant more trees and care for them as trees filter pollutants and absorb carbon dioxide. Air Pollution is a challenge that humankind needs to overcome to see a better tomorrow.

(166 words)

Example 2: Importance of Trees

Trees are very important, valuable and necessary to our existence as they have furnished us with two important life essentials; food and oxygen. Trees intake Carbon dioxide from air and breathe out fresh oxygen. Carbon dioxide breathed in by the trees is one of the greenhouse gases. So planting more trees will clean the air and reduce the ill – effects of global warming.

Trees provide food to man and all herbivorous animals. Animals, insects, birds, and fungi make their home in the trees and make a diverse ecosystem. Trees also help in binding the soil. When trees are cut off, the most fertile top soil layer gets washed away easily in rains or floods. Trees provide us with medicinal herbs, timber, shelter too.

Hence, We should encourage planting more and more trees. It is for our own betterment and the sooner we understand this, the better it is for us.

(150 words)

Example 3: India of my Dreams

India is a country where people of all cultures and religions coexist. As Indian citizens, we are continuously looking for ways to improve our country and see a better India.

In the India of my dreams, women would be safe and be able to travel freely. Additionally, it will be a place where everyone may experience freedom and equality in its truest form. It would also be a place without caste, colour, gender, creed, social or economic standing, or race prejudice.

India of my dreams should be a place where poor people get empowerment, face no poverty, do not starve, and get the proper roof to live. Additionally, I think of it as a place that experiences a lot of technological growth and development. I wish our wonderful nation nothing but peace and prosperity. Every person must uphold the law, support the country, and take steps to improve India in order for it to become an even greater nation.

(159 words)

Example 4: Knowledge is Power

Knowledge is the most substantial element in the world. Applying knowledge effectively is power. Without knowledge it would have been impossible for humans and human civilizations to develop. Moreover, knowledge is what differentiates humans from animals. Knowledge is important for the overall development and well-being of a person. The more knowledge one gains, the more progress he can make in life. Knowledge helps us convert our ideas into action and gives birth to inventions and discoveries. Also, when you get the knowledge of various things like science, medicine, politics, and more, you can work for the betterment of the world. Knowledge is like a bottomless ocean. The more you dive deep into it, the deeper it will appear to you and the good news is it never gets depleted.

All in all, knowledge allows nations and its people to flourish. It is responsible for bringing peace to the world and helping nations prosper. It can open doors to success and unite people like never before.

(166 words)

Example 5: Unity in Diversity

The phrase “Unity in Diversity” refers to a society where people of different faiths, races, colours and other differences co-exist with harmony and peace. India is one of the excellent examples where one can understand the concept of Unity in diversity. Around 1.3 billion people live together in harmony and contentment. India is home to people of various religions, cultures, races, languages, etc. We can clearly observe that people of all religions, creeds, castes, dialects, cultures, lifestyles, dressing sense, faith in God, rituals of worship, and so on coexist peacefully in one country. There are several tribal groups and minority groups too. India allows each religion to propagate itself and the state has no religion. More than 100 languages are spoken in India and despite the differences, Indians are connected by one faith of brotherhood. With the world’s second-largest population of numerous ethnic and religious groupings, India is one of the most important secular countries with unity in diversity as the strength and power of India. (167 words)

PARAGRAPH WRITING BASED ON VERBAL CUE/S**Theme: People**

1. With the help of the given cue/s, write a paragraph in about 150 words.

hints: M.K. Gandhi known as father of the nation born on 2nd October 1869 at Porbandar in Gujarat a lawyer by profession campaigned for India’s independence from the British rule played an active role in Salt Satyagrah, Non-cooperation Movement, Quit India Movement adopted peace and non-violence, assassinated on 30th January 1948 Gandhian philosophy still relevant.

Ans. Mahatma Gandhi was born on 2nd October 1869 at Porbandar in Gujarat. His father’s name was Karamchand Gandhi and mother’s name was Putlibai. He took his law degree at the Inner Temple, London and became a lawyer by profession. He played an active role in India’s independence movement. Gandhiji at first participated in Salt Satyagrah at Champaran in Bihar. Later on, he participated in Non-cooperation Movement and Quit India Movement as well. He mobilised a mass movement against the British rule at all India level and dethroned the English regime. People fondly call him ‘Bapu’. He is also known as ‘Father of the Nation’. Gandhiji was an apostle of truth and non-violence. By adopting non-violence means, he took India on the path of glory and freedom. It could all be possible through his perseverance and dedication. India got independence on 15th August 1947. Unfortunately, he was assassinated on 30th January, 1948. His death came as an end of ‘Gandhian era’. Although Gandhiji is no more but his ideas and philosophy are still relevant in today’s context. It will always show the country a new path.

Paragraph Writing Based on Visual Cues:

Question:

Rita is standing on the balcony of her apartment. She observes a park nearby where once children used to play freely. Now she sees garbage strewn around, broken benches, and very few children. Write a paragraph imagining yourself to be Rita, expressing your feelings about the poor condition of the park and suggesting ways to improve it.



Answer:

The Neglected Park

Our parks were once places full of life, laughter, and greenery. I remember when I was a little girl, this park was full of children playing games, families having picnics, and old people walking peacefully. Now, the scene has changed. The park is littered with garbage, the grass is dry, and the benches are broken. Hardly anyone comes here now. It makes me very sad to see such neglect. If the authorities clean the park, plant more trees, repair the benches, and place dustbins around, it could become beautiful once again. People must also learn not to throw litter and help in keeping our parks clean and green.

Topics for Paragraph Writing Class 9

1. An Inspirational Woman
2. My Hometown
3. Health is Wealth
4. My first Smartphone/Gadget
5. The role of Youth
6. My Dream Career
7. Bermuda Triangle
8. A Sporting Event Experience
9. The Vibrant Atmosphere of a Festive Celebration
10. Books are our Best Friends

Practice is the key to perfection and to get a high score, please practice writing paragraphs. Keep in mind to prevent frequent errors and carefully review your work.